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The complement of troops now here is 100 men, including those who have been stationed permanently in the fort. There will be no more ordered here just now. The troops are being sent to other places, it is believed, will be ordered into active service as some other port.

We expect to see the attack on Bracy's sub batteries from Fort Micks, preparatory to the capture of Peacoea. The attack is expected to be made just outside of the fort by Major Brown in command, for the purpose of preventing the escape from making their land approaches.

[Reported Express for the Louisville Courier.]

POLICE COURT.

GEORGE W. JOINTON, JUDGE.

MONDAY MORNING, MAY 9, 1861.

ASABU-Luke Reynolds was arrested on a charge of being drunk and disorderly on New O'Neal. There was nothing in it and he was dismissed.

CHAS. W. BROWN was arraigned, charged with assaulting Catherine Bracy. She was dismissed.

DOUGLASS-Bernard Boney was arraigned, charged with disturbing the peace on New O'Neal. He was dismissed.

and he was required to give bail in \$100 to answer, and in \$300 to be of good behavior for twelve months.

Middleton and Pat Carroll were arrested, charged with stealing blankets, etc., from E. Damm. The parol was set for two months, and was continued until tomorrow morning.

Assault.—Jerry M. Ryan was arrested on an assault warrant issued by Mr. Fitzgerald, and was required to give bail in \$100 to be of good behavior for three months.

John Munka was arrested, charged with committing an assault on Lewis Filmore. Bail in \$100 to answer.

John J. Conner, a hard case, was arrested on a charge of being drunk and disorderly. She went to the Caver for two months in default of \$100 bail.

John J. Conner was arrested, charged with being drunk and noisy in the street. She took a trip to the country where she was required to give bail in default of security.

A THIEVING NEGRO.—G. Waller, state of Matt. Grayson, was arrested, charged with

man up town? The proof was not sufficient and he was discharged.

From Wilber & John's European Times, April 26, 1861

Proposed Meeting of England and America

If civil war has already commenced between the North and South, we hope that the representatives of England and America will be able to meet and discuss by their respective Governments to ensure their aid as mediators before the struggle has assumed all the fierce position which it now occupies. It is not probable that certain to be called into play. Both nations wish well to the American people, and the Government of England for the prosperity of the country in every latitude, and both are impartial towards it in the strongest sympathy that can animate a nation. We trust that the Government will resource before the sword is drawn, and the seaboard thrown away, and prove that the Government of England is in proof of that large class of both, extensive of the country which must live with honor and peace, and that the men and women of the country, each others brother, each others

circumstances so heartily provocative of vengeance.

On Monday morning Herald suggests that the expediency of an European war, as a means of settling the long-continued divergences of the American Confederation, lies heavy on the minds of the Americans.

He says:

"This, in fact, the day, we learn from papers in London, has been fixed upon as the day when he can drive the Spaniards from San Domingo. Will it be his fault if a war of extermination ensue? Will he on the conquest of Cuba too? Will not the suggestion of this possibility make many in the South wish themselves back again in the United States? Will he not be tempted to multiply Spain if her violence and wrong-doing should draw down on her even this chastisement?"

Simpat Conci.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.]

FRANKLIN, KY., May 1, 1861.

Editor of Courier: The people of this county are not in a hurry to be divided. They are rapidly coming to their proper senses.

[illegible]

The Old North State will bring into the city a large number of soldiers, among the foremost in this great struggle for liberty and her native land. She is covering herself all over with glory, and we are all proud of her. —[Petersburg, Va.] Express.

NORTHERN ARMY.—Wilson's Zouaves are composed of the New York "Roughs." They are thus spoken of by a correspondent:

This land of men is composed of the despised and despising of New York. Indeed, it is said that Wilson became tired of them and sent them back to camp for a week after he leaves, no thief or burglar can be found in the city, even the most notorious thieves and burglars. There are some two to three thousand men, and carry each a glittering armor sized small for the most of them. They are all well trained, rely, however, on the knife and pistol for their work.

A SNEAKING OFFICER.—Captain Andrew Talbot, United States Topographical Engineer, a native of Connecticut, and who

[illegible]

transports sufficient to accommodate a large army of 20,000 men. They will blockade every port whose entrance has six feet of water.—(N. Y. Times.

ARMED MERCHANT FLEET.—DUNSTON about sending out an armed merchant fleet under R. H. Forbes, the object being to cruise off the Southern coast, to protect ships and property of Northern men. The cotton mills in Webster, Mass., are stopped.

☞ The Ionian Islands are almost in a state of insurrection in consequence of the popular wish to be united to the kingdom of Greece.

A Threat.

It has been announced, that if the General Assembly of Maryland should determine to submit the question of secession to the people of that State, the Yankee military commander of the district would at once arrest the members of that body for treason.

The Louisville Journal, of yesterday, tells the members of the Kentucky Legislature, that if they should demand the interest of the State require them to go into secession, "CIVIL WAR" will be the consequence. "The Submissionists, who are ready to crawl in the dust at the feet of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, led by the Yankee emissaries who assume to speak for them, will trample upon the Capitol with a heel unmatchable since the days of CROMWELL and the Long Parliament," and, with brand and bayonet and rope, backed, we presume, by the military mob which the Administration has called into its service, display the representatives of the people "for the glory of God and the good of the nation."

This is the end and aim of the Tory leaders in our midst.

So enamored are they of the liberties of free negroes, so ready do they suppose our people are to have the privileges of free white men, so little do they know of Kentucky character, that they are anxious to inaugurate civil war among us for the benefit of the North, and imagine that their threat to do this will deter the people of the Commonwealth from asserting their rights, and intimidate their representatives from a discharge of their duty!

The people of Kentucky now see the drift of the bold, bad, desperate men who have assumed to speak for them, and dare attempt to control their action.

The gallant men of the mountains, the loyal and devoted yeomanry of the rural districts, think of those who thus seek to control the legislation and destiny of the State?

What do the members of the Legislature think of this daring and insolent attempt to enslave and intimidate them?

If this is the game of these traitors, let them inaugurate it.

If this is the meaning of LINCOLN's appeal for arms of LINCOLN's of GARIBOLDI's visit to Washington—of sundry other movements of the confederate army, we are sure the people, deploring the consequences, are yet ready to make good their sovereignty.

Does Mr. GORTON sanction this course? Does Mr. MORTIMER approve this threat of civil war?

Does Mr. COTTRELL give the sanction of his name to the policy of those with whom he has acted?

Does Mr. DIXON think his property will be made more secure by a civil war waged on our own soil and around his own home?

It matters not if the Legislature are contemptible the possibility of a secession, or, as we think probable, the thought of a necessity for such course never entered the head of any member of that body; the threat is as insolent, as uncalculated, and as insulting as if the contrary were true—as offensive and as insulting to the members of that body, and to the people they represent, as if the resolution for a secession were actually passed.

We now understand why the arming of the State was resisted last winter—why it was deemed that Kentucky should be left comprehensively helpless, why the voice of the people on a convention was refused—why the recent attempts of the Government to give our people the means of defending their homes and protecting their families were so bitterly opposed: the policy of these destructive men now laid bare, and the members of the Legislature, the freemen of the State, see plainly the object aimed at.

We will soon see of what manner of men our Legislature are composed. We will soon see whether they have the spirit to rise above unworthy passions, the result of the temptation to meet the responsibility which are devolved upon them, the courage to do right despite the preparations of foreign enemies under the lead of warpers and tyrants and the impotent threats of political adventurers at home—and if we are not mistaken, the result will be as satisfactory to the people, as it will be unexpected to the wicked and selfish conspirators against the peace and safety of the Commonwealth.

The North Defended.

The Journal for months has labored without ceasing in the interest of the North and against the South, whether intentionally or not, we, of course, neither know nor care.

Last fall, pending the Presidential election, it appeared to have a proper appreciation of the issue presented by the contest, and it was not without reason that it was called the representative of Higher Law, a life-saver in the aggressive and unjust war on the property and peculiar domestic institutions of the South. Subsequent to the election, it announced that the South would present an armed front in opposition to any attempt to carry out the policy foreworded in the Chicago platform—that the only difference among Southern men was as to the time and mode of resistance.

When the report of Mr. LINCOLN's Indianapolis speech reached here—a speech carefully prepared and written out previous to delivery—it denounced it as the production of a fool or a madman.

And the War Proclamation of the President was attacked by it in sharp and strenuous terms.

It is a heavy indictment of the 8th of January resolutions, which charged the people and the States of the North with "broken faith" and "bad fellowship" in the State, which it is so easily and so justly and so unconstitutionally, and in the articles to which we have referred, it has admitted enough to justify the secession of the South; and yet in an elaborate article yesterday, as had done before in substance, it denounces the action of our Southern sisters as "unconstitutional and wicked revolution," and enters upon a justification of the Free States, which, it seems to believe, have done all they could to preserve the Union on the basis of the Constitution!

At the same time it tells its readers that the Free States have overstepped the fraternal appeal addressed to them by Kentucky, and by "an act of wanton aggression upon the flag of the Union" provoked the dear, good people of the Free States into action, which it is almost as criminal as that of the South!

It thinks the covering of the Capitol into a military camp, the sending of a powerful fleet to Charleston, bearing an army with all the instruments of offensive war, for the purpose of holding, occupying, and possessing the forts and public property in an offensive war against those who were port it commanded and whose commerce it would effectively cut off—taken, when not to have taken it would have been

unjustifiable and criminal in the highest degree.

But this act of self-defense, which is not only applauded by all men with Southern sympathies, but has been justified and defended by candid Northern men, is charged upon the Southern Confederacy as a crime, an "act of wanton aggression upon the flag of the Union," and is quoted as a sufficient excuse for "public resistance." In the authorities of the nation and in the people of the North, which has swept away reason, law, and order, and given the destitute of millions of people into the hands of a madman!

The people of Kentucky have no sympathy with such views; they know that the Journal, in the guise of friendship, has done all that talent and determination could do to divide the South, to excite prejudice against the Southern cause, and to strengthen the hands of the higher law enemies of slavery and of the people of the slaveholding States. No story has been too absurd, no charge too ridiculous, no attack too unfair, if directed against the seceded States, or the authorities or people thereof, to be given a place in its columns; and the confessions forced from it by the power of public sentiment, or reluctantly made under the pressure of the more atrocious and unbecoming of the aggressions of the North, though soon explained away, serve to make its general tone more marked and insupportable.

A Word of Warning.

We have reason to believe, and do believe, that for some time negotiations have been going on between the submissionists in Kentucky and the Abolitionists of the Free State, the object being the inauguration of civil war in this State, the traitors who take up arms here against their fellow-citizens in behalf of the LINCOLN and SEWARD Administration to be backed up promptly by a Northern army.

We have come to this conclusion reluctantly, but the evidence is too strong to admit of doubt. With this view we think telegraphic and other communications have been had with Washington, prominent Kentuckians have visited that city, and conferred with Mr. LINCOLN and members of the Cabinet, and an understanding has been had with leading men in adjoining States.

To encourage those engaged in this movement, the plain and sallow friends of Saturday last were planned and perpetrated. And with this understanding of it, the Chicago Convention of secessionists, "The role will allow the opportunity of secession their strength, and whether they take up arms to resist any attempt of Gov. MAGROFF to prosecute them." And it is, "We suspect that the anti-secessionists in Kentucky will have to show a determined resistance, and will endeavor to prevent Gov. MAGROFF from getting the State into the conflict either by force or fraud, and we hear that many of them have an excellent reason for it."

And, in pursuance of such understanding, the following resolutions have been almost unanimously adopted by both Houses of the Indiana State Legislature:

1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, That in time of war between the Government of the United States and any foreign power, or the Union has a right to repudiate its constitutional obligations as far as to assist its enemies, and to use all the means and resources of the State for that purpose.

2. Be it further enacted, That a constitutional obligation rests upon the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, to support the National Constitution, to enforce the laws, and protect the free exercise of property, and all constitutional rights of citizens in all parts of the Union. That the people of Indiana are bound to defend the Union, and to resist any attempt to subvert the National Government.

3. Be it further enacted, That no intention exists on the part of the people of Indiana, to secede from the Union, or to support any secessionist movement, or to assist any foreign power in its war against the United States.

4. Be it further enacted, That the people of Indiana, and the people of the State of Kentucky, are bound to defend the Union, and to resist any attempt to subvert the National Government.

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We call the attention of the members of the Legislature, and of the people of the State, to these facts. The peace and welfare of the Commonwealth may depend on the heed they give them, and the action they take.

THE GOVERNOR.—We do hope Governor MAGROFF is not playing false to Kentucky, but close to her heart, and to the heart of the people. We are told, on good authority, that, within the last three days, he has received a dispatch from the President, offering him a position in the Government, and that he has declined it. A long dispatch was sent by the Governor in reply. What was its character, we are not sure, but it was certainly pointed.

We are furthermore told, that a large sum of money was raised by the Gov. M. from private individuals and the South. That point was sent to, and for the purpose of the Montgomery Government, or was it to be used for the use of the Kentucky Democrats, or what?—[Long silence.]

Like most of the "good authorities" on which the Journal has based statements intended to induce the South, and to alienate the people of Kentucky from those of the other slaveholding States, that referred to above is utterly untrue.

The Journal and the desperate and reckless political gamblers with which it is associated, have been and are to be, a disgrace to the people of Kentucky, and a disgrace to the people of the other slaveholding States, that referred to above is utterly untrue.

FOR INVALIDS.

Tonic Wine.—This is a most valuable tonic, and is highly recommended by the medical profession. It is made from the finest wine, and is adapted for the use of invalids, and for the purpose of restoring the system to its normal state.

Ground Pepper and Spices.—This is a most valuable tonic, and is highly recommended by the medical profession. It is made from the finest pepper, and is adapted for the use of invalids, and for the purpose of restoring the system to its normal state.

Compound Buckeye File Salve.—This is a most valuable tonic, and is highly recommended by the medical profession. It is made from the finest buckeye, and is adapted for the use of invalids, and for the purpose of restoring the system to its normal state.

PRESCRIPTION.

PET PET.—This is a most valuable tonic, and is highly recommended by the medical profession. It is made from the finest pet, and is adapted for the use of invalids, and for the purpose of restoring the system to its normal state.

THE TAR AND WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.—This is a most valuable tonic, and is highly recommended by the medical profession. It is made from the finest tar and white sulphur, and is adapted for the use of invalids, and for the purpose of restoring the system to its normal state.

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Business Notices.

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COMMENCING APRIL 17TH, 1861.

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1861.

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to St. Louis, N. Y., and other points, via the Little Miami and Cincinnati & Xenia Railroads.

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Having made large purchases at Auction and elsewhere, at less than half their cost value, our stock being large for the times, we have concluded to sell our goods AT COST. Our stock is the most complete that has ever been offered in this city, and every article is sold at a low price. We also include our stock of WINDOW SHADINGS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, AND ALL THE LATEST FASHIONS IN DRESS GOODS of every style and color.

ALL ENVELOPES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, AND ALL THE LATEST FASHIONS IN DRESS GOODS of every style and color.

S. BARBER & CO.

317 FOURTH STREET, Louisville, Ky.

FASTEST LINE EAST!

CINCINNATI.

COMMENCING APRIL 17TH, 1861.

LITTLE MIAMI

AND **COLUMBUS & XENIA**

1861.

FROM CINCINNATI

to St. Louis, N. Y., and other points, via the Little Miami and Cincinnati & Xenia Railroads.

FROM CINCINNATI

to St. Louis, N. Y., and other points, via the Little Miami and Cincinnati & Xenia Railroads.

THROUGH TRAINS

from Cincinnati to St. Louis, N. Y., and other points, via the Little Miami and Cincinnati & Xenia Railroads.

THROUGH TRAINS

from Cincinnati to St. Louis, N. Y., and other points, via the Little Miami and Cincinnati & Xenia Railroads.

ARMY FURNISHINGS!

HITE & SMALL.

317 FOURTH STREET, Louisville, Ky.

MARK & DOWNS.

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Miscellaneous.

AT COST!

S. BARBER & CO.

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